

MYTH#1:

Cybersecurity risk cannot be financially quantified.

swipe for the debunk

PAST: Cyber Risk Quantification (CRQ) was applied to derive a basic notion of the likelihood of cyber loss.

TODAY: Advances in the cyber insurance industry have enabled a full actuarial analysis of risk—actuarial CRQ (ACRQ) relevant to enterprises.

Thrivaca[™] captures relevant data using a multi-source automated process that assembles regulator-approved and audit-friendly composite financial analysis in rapid order.

TOP 10 CYBER RISK MYTHS CELUIFEL

MYTH#2:

"Likelihood" is as useful as probability when it comes to cybersecurity risk.





Obsolete static models can't solve modern real-time challenges.

Predictive results with an actuarial risk profile — that's how to manage today's cybersecurity risks, optimization, and compliance across NIST 800-53, CSF 800-171, ISO 27001, and MITRE Att&ck.



TOP 10 CYBER RISK MYTHS CELUIR ED

MYTH#3:

Cybersecurity risk assessment is just another compliance requirement.

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Risk assessment is a critical component of an organization's overall risk management strategy; rather than merely a compliance checkbox.

It plays an essential role in safeguarding an organization's assets, reputation, and long-term success —when utilizing full, commercial-grade actuarial science, not an obsolete static VaR model.

ArxNimbus

TOP 10 CYBER RISK MYTHS CPUINKED

MYTH#4:

No one really knows what any organization's cyber risk is, and people should not make the effort.





мүтн#4: debunked

Actuarial risk quantifications are about preventing incidents and building resilience. Understanding potential risks allows an organization to develop robust response and recovery plans, ensuring business continuity in the face of cyber threats.

Understanding and managing cyber risks can translate into tangible business benefits, such as increased trust and competitive advantages.

TOP 10 CYBER RISK MYTHS CPULLIFED

MYTH#5:

The "FAIR Model" based on Value-at-Risk from the 90s is perfectly sufficient for determining cyber risk exposure in today's environment.

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MYTH#5: debunked

Cyber risk management today is increasingly integrated with enterprise risk management (ERM) frameworks. This requires modern actuarial quantification that align cyber risk with other risk domains, considering overall business risk and strategic objectives.

Cyber threats are more sophisticated and varied, making it impossible for a static, opinion-based VaR model from the 90s to keep pace.

TOP 10 CYBER RISK MYTHS CEDUNKED

MYTH#6:

Most organizations have a realistic notion of how much cyber insurance they really need.





MYTH#6: debunked

Determining the right amount of cyber insurance involves understanding your specific risks, evaluating potential financial impacts, consulting with experts, and regularly reviewing your coverage.

Without an actuarial-based risk profile, it would be difficult to ensure that your organization is adequately protected against the financial consequences of cyber incidents.

TOP 10 CYBER RISK MYTHS CELUIFED

MYTH #7:

The practice of Cybersecurity is all about just getting enough specific solutions and addressing as many vulnerabilities as possible to neutralize exposure to threats.



MYTH#7: debunked

Cybersecurity must be an organizational-wide concern, encompassing technical, human, strategic, and procedural elements. Addressing it solely as a technical vulnerability problem leads to an incomplete and potentially ineffective security posture.

With a holistic approach, organizations can better protect themselves against the full spectrum of cyber threats and ensure resilience in the face of evolving risks.



TOP 10 CYBER RISK MYTHS CEDUNKED

MYTH#8:

Unlike Engineering, Medicine, or Accounting, the Cybersecurity profession does not benefit from a consistent set of standards and practices.





MYTH#8: debunked

Cybersecurity does benefit from structured frameworks for ensuring consistency, quality, and reliability in cybersecurity efforts, such as the NIST Cybersecurity Framework (CSF), ISO/IEC 27001, and CIS Controls, to name a few.

THE CHALLENGE?

Enforcing adoption and adherence to these frameworks to ensure trust in cybersecurity efforts, much like the standards in engineering, medicine, aviation...



TOP 10 CYBER RISK MYTHS CELUIR:

MYTH#9:

Cybersecurity risk is simply too complex to be adequately understood using any type of quantitative methods.



72% of 3,260 enterprises surveyed by EY report being unable to determine their own cyber risks. Experience and litigation have shown that a NIST-driven quantitative analysis is a cybersecurity program's most compliant and defendable basis.

NIST-approved Thrivaca ™ provides a baseline Risk Profile within one day in an intuitive, graphical UI. 12+ use cases are pre-supplied, and users require less than one hour of training.

TOP 10 CYBER RISK MYTHS CELUINGE

MYTH #10:

All the talk about aligning cybersecurity and overall business strategy is just theoretical.

Cybersecurity should be left to the technology professionals and can't be understood by boards or senior leadership.

swipe for the debunk

MYTH#10: debunked

By demonstrating how cybersecurity supports business objectives, protects assets, and mitigates risks, boards and senior leadership can better understand its value and prioritize necessary investments and initiatives.

This holistic strategic planning + quantified risk management approach equips CISOs to safeguard the organization's reputation, financial health, and operational continuity.





Do you know your cyber risk profile score?

learn more:

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